**Heart disease.**

Long term risk as it is chronic/ degenerative disease.

Not pandemic/ epidemic as not infectious

Types of heart disease:

* + [Coronary heart disease](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Coronary_heart_disease)
  + [Cardiomyopathy](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Cardiomyopathy)
  + [Cardiovascular disease](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Cardiovascular_disease)
  + [Ischemic heart disease](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Ischaemic_heart_disease)
  + [Heart failure](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Heart_failure)
  + [Hypertensive heart disease](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Hypertensive_heart_disease)
  + [Inflammatory heart disease](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Inflammatory_heart_disease)
  + [Valvular heart disease](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heart_disease#Valvular_heart_disease)

On a global scale, seems to be focused on MEDC areas such as UK and USA.

High proportion in India (possibly due to high population and liked to pollution)

On a national scale (e.g. the EU) largest number of deaths (500,000 and above) are found in the UK, Germany and Ukraine. These are also the most progresses in the demographic transition model.

The disease has always been present but increased in recent years due to tertiary jobs. Increased standard of living leads to high salt + fat intake with little exercise.

Stage 3+4. Economic growth, middle-high income.

Economy – expensive drugs, operations and long term care.

* Possible loss of labour supply and productivity.
* Ageing population – increased dependant ratio.